TENNESSEE BONDS closed at 76 for old and new yesterday, in New York. Corron dull in New York, closing yesterday at 14ta14te for middling up-

THE COMPTROLLERSHIP. COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NASHVILLE, TENN., Nov. 18, 1874 .- To the members elect of the next General Assembly: I annonnce myself a candidate for the Comptrollership, and respectfully solicit your support and influence.

As to my capacity for, impartiality and efficiency in the discharge of the duties of the position, I refer, without respect to party associations, to the Executive officers of the State, to the Judges of the Supreme, Chancery, Circuit, Criminal and County Courts, to the clerks of these several courts, to the Attorney Generalis and District Attorneys, to the Tax Collectors, Sheriffs, and had any business transactions with the office during my term.

THE DEAD HEAD QUESTION, New York New Era. A great deal has been said by the preabout deadheads. We think many of our contemporaries entirely lose sight of the importunity, something for nothing, whether a puff in a Lewspaper, railroad or steamboat pass, or a theatre, concert or lecture ticket, or any other thing universally paid for by decent people. Now, can editors, because they receive many complimentary tickets and passes, be properly classed with the great army of deadheads—those contemptibly mean creatures who are ever on the alert to get something for nothing? We unhesitatingly and most emphatically answer, No! and do so on the ground that every courtesy shown an editor, in the way of tickets and passes, is paid for at least ten times over in the way of editorial or other advertisement - advertising in the ordinary would, course of business, cost the parties who receive it about twenty times the price of the few tickets they bestow, generally with an air of great liberality and as though they were conferring a special favor upon the editor, while all the time they expect a "tip-top notice" before, and favorable comment after their "show," if perchance they run one, or numberless steamboats," if connected with either of the latter. Every editor in the land would be richer in purse and more independent in criticism if he should pay his way wherever he goes, and charge full rates—so much per line—for all puffs and notices. But those who give complimentary tickets are too wise to allow such a course to be adopted. They know that nine out of every ten editors they "extend the courtesies of the press' to, Assistant Postmaster-General, and S. B. will, in their good natured way, liberally Axtell, Governor of Utah Territory.

"puff" and thus advertise their various enerprises that they will for one or two dolry reference to the entertainment of the "Spokeshave Dramatic Club," or "Billy Brown's Burlesque Buffers," or "Jerry Jenkins' Lecture," or "Mdle. Sing-song's Wickham Hoffman, Secretary of Legation spised by every one-a set of sneaks who worm themselves into the good graces of everybody connected with the shows, lines of travel, etc., and if they cannot be deadheads in any other way, pass themselves off as "members of the press," even going so far, many of them, as to say they are editors of such and such paper. Every news-paper of character and influence suffers more or less from such vermin. No profession or business is more beset by deadheads than the press, and probably the theatres come next in the list. Not a week passes but an editor is solicited to give this or that enterprise a favorable notice—one day a "few lines" are asked for in behalf of "our church;" the next, an amateur dramatic society wants a "real nice notice, written in your best style," another day John Smith calis and says he is about to open a gin mill (he calls it a sample room) and would like a "bang up" puff; then, Rev. Dr. Dryasdust must have his sermons opened regularly; Rev. Dr. Mild desires a special mention made of his donation party; Miss Floral Flyaway dreps in with a prettily written personal notice; Sam Simpkins wants his wife advertised because she has "left his bed and board;" and last, on publication day, when you are extra busy and have not a moment to spare, in pops the fellow who bores you, in spite of all your "gentle hints," for half an hour or more with a description of his patent apparatus

for taking the stings out of bees, and which he would like to have noticed to the extent of half a column, "because it is of general interest to the public." Then there is that class of dead-heads, with which most of the country press is afflicted, composed of non-paying subscribers, a vast army of dead-beats of the first water, who subscribe for every paper which will put their name on its list without pay, and they never mean to pay. There should be a radical reformation in this matter; the sooner it is accomplished the better it will be for the press, and we will call upon our brethren to use their utmost endeavors to squelch the dead-heads.

## THE PERI S OF PASTORAL VISITS IN TEXAS.

Pastoral visitation is attended with a new peril in Texas. It is not the languishlove of the fair but frail feminine parishioner which threatens to put an end to ministerial usefulness so much as a more material danger. According to the gles of their opponents. Dallas Commercial, the pastor of a fashionable church called on a newly-arrived The Disagreement Between Grant and at the parsonage and have a good cover up the fact of trouble in respect to the time. The business man, with that indecision of character which business and the President, but the opinion obtains cognize the fact of trouble in respect to the next House.

Mr. Wilson cognize the fact of trouble in respect to the next House. nose was absolutely loaded and cocked, he | event. thought he wouldn't risk anything either, and obeyed her mandate to "get out of there" with a singleness of purpose consistent with a Christian life, and a gymnastic feat that would have gained him national reputation in the saw-dust ring.

setts merchants to be engaged in. life and the other is the story of Lot's wife. ure.

## NION AND AMERICAN. NASHVILLE UNION AND AMERICAN.

ESTABLISHED MARCH 30, 1835.

NASHVILLE, TENN., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1874.

NEW SERIES-NO. 1.950.

DAILY UNON AND AMERICA WHEN IT WILL BE DELIVERED AT TO DOOR PROMPTLY EVERY MORN-ING AT TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER WEEK.

LOUISIANA. WASHINGTON.

Semi. We'kiy 84 00 | Weekly ...... \$2.00 | Adjustment of Postmasters' Salaries.

> The Amended Civil Rights Bill. Postmaster General Jewell Confirmed.

Reception of King Kalakaua by the President.

Sick from Anxlety. WASHINGTON, Dec. 15 .- The Ways and Means Committee met to-day at half-past 10, but up to 12 o'clock, Mr. Irwin, the socalled valuable witness in the Pacific Mail Company's investigation, had not made his appearance, his counsel saying he was suffering from nervous prostration, due to his anxiety to testify before the committee.

The Committee on Postoffices and Post-

roads to-day agreed to recommend the pas-sage of a bill introduced last February, providing that after the first of January next the annual salaries of various post shall be as follows: New York, \$8,000; Chicago, St. Louis, and Philadelphia, \$0,000 each; Cincinnati, Brooklyn, Batti-more and San Francisco, \$5,000 each; pro-vided the salaries shall be paid from money reserved at the postoffice in said cities other officers, and to all citizens who have from box rents, sales of postage stamps and from other sources, in excess of expenditures allowed and made thereat for rent, clerk hire, fuel, lights, furniture, stationery, printing and necessary incidentals.

Au Amended Civil Rights Bill. The sub-Judiciary Committee-Messrs. Butler, Poland and White-reported to the full committee to-day in favor of amending the Civil Rights bill so as to omit the contemporaries entirely lose sight of the proposition upon which all their remarks on this subject should be based, which is—
What is a deadhead? The answer is a a simple one: he who obtains, through importantly, something for nothing, for the violetics of any of the provision, and require mixed school provision, and require citizen over 21 years, and not convicted of an infamous crime, shall have the right to vote; that the election for President and Vice President shall be held at the same omitted, leaving the pecuniary punishment importantly, something, for nothing, for the violetics of any of the requirement of the convicted of an infamous crime, shall have the right to vote; that the election for President and Vice President shall be held at the same omitted, leaving the pecuniary punishment importantly. for the violation of any of the provisions of the bill to consist in liabilities in \$500 damages at the suit of any individual de-nied equality of accommodation, etc. There was a general discussion of the sub-voted for, and that election returns shall There was a general discussion of the subject, but no definite action, there being a be canvassed by the Supreme Court of the wide difference of views.

Funding the District of Columbia Debt. Mr. Conkling's bill in relation to the District of Columbia, introduced in the Senate to-day, directs the Secretary of the Treasury to issue four per cent. thirty year bonds of the United States to an amount not exceeding \$18,000,000, and exchance them within one year for bonds and stocks of the District of Columbia and the cities of Washington and Georgetown, dollar for dollar, the difference in interest of either to be adjusted by him. The difference in inrest between what the United States have to pay on \$18,000,000 of four per cent. bonds and the amount they are entitled to receive on debts taken by them in exchange therefor, is stated to be \$200,000 per annum, and this amount is to be pledged and invested as a sinking fund for the redemption of the principal. The bill is accompanied by a preamble

are liable for these debts contracted through their Delegates and Representatives. Appointments and Confirmations. The President sent to the Senate the nomination of James W. Marshall, as First

The Senate to-day confirmed the following nominations: Marshall Jewell, Postlars' worth of tickets devote at least five or | master-General; Charles F. Conant, Asten dollars' worth of space to commendato- sistant Secretary of the Treasury; Benjamin Moran, Minister Resident to Portugal

at London; Robert R. Hitt, of Illinois, Concert," and consequently not fail to send in the "complimentaries." There is a Secretary of Legation at Paris. Class of deadheads who ought to be de-

King Kalakana was formally presented to the President this morning. The members of the Cabinet, Gen. Grant, Gen. Babcock and Mr. Luckey, private secretary, were assembled in full dress for the purpose of receiving the King. On the approach of his majesty's carriage, the President advanced from the threshold of the Executive Mansion, when the Secretary of State and Col. Grant, personally representing his father, went to the carriage and received the King as he alighted, and accompanying him on either side, crossed the platform to the en-trance of the White House, where the resident cordially extended his hand, receeived and welcomed the King, the other members of the Cabinet standing behind the President up to the time he turned with the King and entered the room.

The Secretary of State introduced the President to Gov. Dominiz, and presented the King to the members of the Cabinet, Gen. Babcock, Col. Grant and Mr. Luckey. The President and the King shortly seated themselves on a sofa and others moved at about the room, and into conversation

one another. Gradually advancing to the President and King, a general conversation ensued. After about twenty minutes the King arose and the President accompanied him to the door. The Secretary of State and Col. Grant handed him to his carriage and the ceremony was ended. A Party Without Leaders or Policy. Special to the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Republicans are greatly embarrassed for want of leaders, and still more for want of a policy. The questions that trouble them most, beside the half-hidden struggle over the Presidential succession and the third-term movement, are: First, the currency question; second, the policy to be pursued toward the South, so as to hold those States under carpet-bag rule, and vote them in 1876; and third, the question of transportation and internal improvements. On all these issues their divisions are serious, and there is a desperate effort now going on by cancusing and consultation to harmonize differences and present a common policy. Until some leadership or common policy is secured, the Republicans are reluctant to enter on the serious business of the session. The Democrats, meantime, are quietly enjoying the perplexities and strug-

business man at his office, welcomed him, and invited his wife to call A good deal of effort his is being made to men show in spiritual matters, said "that in well-informed circles that the case is men show in spiritual matters, said "that in well-informed circles that the case is would be all right," and the preacher went even more serious than has been stated in there should not therefore be a diminution his way. He found out his new friend's any of the publications made on the subresidence, and in the absence of the husject. The trouble grows out of the interin itself. band made a "pastoral visit." The lady of ference of the President with the Secretary Mr. Garfield agreed with that suggestion, peace. She said she didn't approve now are that the Secretary will have a hard of gentlemen visitors in her husband's struggle to maintain his just authority and let them make their own reductions. absence, and he replied that he was a take a proper care of his official reputation. clergyman and above suspicion, and sat In fact, considering the way the governdown. She said she didn't know about ment has been run, and the strength of the that, and wasn't going to risk anything. | corrupt influences at Washington, the re-And when he found the revolver under his | tirement of the Secretary is a very possible

Special to the St. Louis Globe.

Private letters received here from officers on board the fleet at Key West, state that rumors are prevalent that the Spaniards in Cuba are busily engaged in quietly arming and placing their naval vessels in fighting BOSTON'S LAST BOON TO AFRICA. trim, and accumulating large stores of pro-Springfield, Mass., Republican.

One of Boston's sources of revenue is its says further that the Spaniards anticipate rum trade with the Gold coast of Africa. speedy action on the part of the United At the time the British authorities raised States Government toward recognizing the the duty on the rum, last year, to 60 cents | Cubans, and asks if anything transpiring in a gallon, there were seven American ves- Washington gives color to the rumor. Insels on the coast with about 387,000 gal- quiry here elicits nothing confirmatory of, tons, two other vessels were on their way or giving color to, these reports, at least so from Boston with 145,000 gallons more, and another vessel (the Starr King) was The resolution according belligerent rights getting ready to start with a matter of to the Cubans, still lies in the House Com-75,000 more. We leave it to whether this mittee on Foreign Affairs, and is not likely isn't rather dubious business for Massachu- to be reported back therefrom until after the holidays, and even then it will receive an adverse report if the sentiments of the

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proposition to Elect the President and Vice President by Direct Vote of the People.

Relief for the Sufferers from the Ravages of the Grasshoppers.

Holiday Recess from Dec. 23 to Jan. 5.

Select Committees to Visit Vicksburg and on Louisiana

and the Southern States.

Washington, Dec. 15.—Mr. Scott presented a memorial, setting forth the alleged unjust discrimination against periodicals in the new postage law and asking for a change. Referred.

Mr. Conkling presented a memorial in relation to the depreciated value of the bonds of the District of Columbia, and asked leave to introduce a bill, to consolidate the debt of the District of Columbia and to issue bonds of the United States in exchange for bonds of the District The bill and memorial were referred.

Mr. Pratt introduced a bill limiting the time in which application for bounty lands shall be received, and disposing of suscases after a certain date. Re-

Mr. Wright submitted a joint resolution proposing certain amendments to the Constitution. It proposes that the President and Vice President shall be elected by direct vote of the people, and each hold office for six years, and that the President shall be inslicible to realection. be ineligible to re-election. Every male an infamous crime, shall have the right to elect, but if no one receives a majority, another election shall be ordered, at which United States, and certificates issued by that tribunal. Referred to the Committee on Civil Service Reform.

Mr. Wright introduced a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the extent and meaning of the act of June 22, 1874, entitled, "An act conferring jurisdiction upon the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia," and particularly, whether under or by its provisions, persons charged with or indicted for libel or other crime, in said District, can be brought from a State or other place within Federal jurisdiction, to said District, to answer therefor.

Mr. Edmunds said the Judiciary Com mittee did inquire into that subject last Another Great Conflagration at All the men had their faces blackened the White House have not lost their session, and he did not see the necessity of going over the matter again. The views of ate at the time the bill passed. If any one still thought the utterer of malicious slander outside of the district could be brought here for trial, it was not worth while for the which cites the Constitution and a report committee to attempt to further enlighten made by the House Judiciary Committee

last session, to show that the United States Mr. Conkling moved to amend the resolution by adding the following words: "And also, whether said act has any application to prosecutions or indictments for the crime of libel."

The amendment was agreed to and the resolution adopted as amended. The consideration of the bill to frame a new government for the District of Columbia was resumed and the reading of the bill concluded. The bill was then laid aside till to-morrow.

Mr. Morrill, of Maine, called up the House bill reported from the Committee on Appropriations yesterday, to continue the Board of Audit to audit and examine the unfunded and floating debt of the District of Columbia, Passed.

The Senate then went into executive session, and when the doors were reopened, Mr. Spencer, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported favorably on Senate bill to provide for the relief of persons suffering from the ravages of grasshoppers. Placed on calendar. The bill authorsuffering, to destitute and helpless persons living on the western frontier, who have been rendered so by the ravages of grasshoppers during the past summer, and appropriates \$10,000 to carry out the provisions

to the 5th of January. Adopted, yeas 128,

By Mr. McCreary-For a narrow guage road from Lake Erie to the Missouri

By Mr. Poland-Regulating the prosecu-tions of libels in the District of Col-The House then went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill, E. H. Roberts in the chair. In connection with the paragraph for stationery an t newspapers for the Senate, Mr. Cox asked Mr. Garfield why it was at the end of the last session he said that he was obliged to the House for the confidence manifested in the Committee on Appropria-

previous year. Was that statement cor-Mr. Garfield-Yes. Mr. Cox-There is no mistake about it? Mr. Garfield-No, sir. Mr. Cox-There is no little difference of ten or fifteen million dollars?

tions, and that the appropriations for the

year were less by \$25,000,000 than for the

Mr. Garfield-No. sir. Mr. Cox-That will be developed in the ourse of time. Mr. Garfield-The gentleman will find that my remarks on that occasion have

been fully borne out; more fully than I then hoped. The question having been raised in re gard to the item for the capitol police, Mr. Garfield stated, that in view of the political change which would take place in the organization of the House next Congress, the Committee on Appropriations regarded it as somewhat indecorous to inaugurate

changes which would mainly refer to the Mr. Wilson, of Ind., did not wish to re-cognize the fact that because there was to

Mr. Holman favored the abolition of the Capitol police and increasing the number of watchmen. He offered an amendment to that effect. The amendment was agreed

After some further proceedings, the com-The Speaker announced the appointment of the following committees: Select Commission to visit Vicksburg-Messrs. Conger, Hurlbut, Williams of

Wis., Speer and O'Brien. Select Commission on Louisiana and Southern States-Messrs. G. F. Hoar, Wheeler of N. Y., Frye, Foster of Ohio, Phelps of N. J., Robinson of Ills., and The House then adjourned.

NEW ORLEANS.

The Mixed School Question NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 15 .- It is now believed the authorities will not insist on

THERE is this difference in the biography of James Watt and the legend of the Another test vote, may, however, he gotten perts, testify to erasures and changes in the pny of James watt and the legend of the puller of salt. One is the story of Watt's in the House to-morrow, on a similar meas-

In Caddo and Summer Grove Parishes, they Mean

verish Apprehension.

Kellogg Preparing to Make the Streets "Run with Blood." CINCINNATI, Dec. 15 .- The Times' New

Orieans special says: At a mass meeting of the people of Caddo and Summer Grove parishes, it was resolved to refuse employ-ment to any Radicai, black or white, and similar action, pledging them their as-

Special to the Chicago Times. A strong police force is now on guard at the State-house, fully armed and provis-ioned, in anticipation of an attack by the White Leaguers, who have not, up to this time, given any pronounced indication of when they will assume the offensive, or how they will shape their actions.

To-day Kellogg telegraphed to the Cap-tain in charge of the police force at the State-house, asking him if he could hold the building for twenty minutes against an attack. Being assured that the place could be held, Kellogg replied that if an attack should be made by the White Leagues, he and people of France concur in the would have the entire United States mili- same. tary force here at the scene within that time, and that the streets of New Orleans would run with blood. The feeling seems to be general that trouble is imminent, and that it may begin at any moment. The Picagone says of the feeling in the city: For three days the city has been agog with sensational reports, the origin of which it is impossible to trace, but whose dreadful purport is on everybody's lips. Many sober men would prefer to have the blow fall rather than live in a constant state of uncertainty. They would accept revolution, rapine and murder if it brought a speedy and final termination to the existing uneasiness. Sensational as the assertion may sound, New Orleans is to-day terror stricken-at what it cannot conceive."

BOSTON ON FIRE.

the Hub.

Hard Work for the Firemen, Many of Whom had Their Hands and Feet Frozen.

Supposed to be the Work of In- were seated near the prisoner. cendiaries.

Boston, Dec. 15 .- A large fire is now burning bere in the wooden district, and the firemen are endeavoring to prevent the spread of flames to the section lying befire alarms last night and up to nearly ? o'clock this morning, were sufficiently fre-quent and the light of the flames sufficienteral conflagration. At 1 o'clock a fire broke out in a large five story brick building, in Plympton street, occupied by Curry & Galvin, and a large number of firms engaged in wood manufacturing. The build-ing was entirely destroyed. The flames were driven by the wind across the street and set fire to the dry house of Creery & out from New York yesterday \$20,000 in Noyes, carpenters. Total loss by this fire, about \$65,000; insurance, \$40,000.

due to the dry house of Creery & out from New York yesterday \$20,000 in Solver, and the Havana steamer took \$5,000 in gold.

The second alarm was sounded from the same locality later this morning. The first, second and third alarms following in rapid succession, and before 5 o'clock the succession, and before 5 o'clock the blanket. made fearful havoc among the mass of Mexican Congress, by a vote of 113 against wooden buildings, lying between Plymp-Washington, Dec. 15.—Mr. Dawes, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a concurrent resolution for a Christmas recess, from the 23d December.

ing brands across Albany street into the large lumber yards, and now all that tract of land lying between Albany street and named Goetz, in Chicago, nearly two years Water is a mass of flames. The firemen have abandoned that section of the fire to its fate, and are laboring to prevent the flames spreading into the section lying between Warham and Malden streets.

Boston, Dec. 15,12:30 P. M .- The flames in the burning district are now thought to be under control. It is estimated that nearly five hundred men are by this fire thrown out of employment. The loss by the Plympton streetfire foots up half a mil lion dollars. While the above fire was in named Cartin and Fox perished in the full blast, the Charlestown alarm was sounded and a few engines were sent to extinguish the flames which had broken out in the wooden buildings on Water street and Hudson. This fire extended to Cnn-Champie ningham's boiler factory, which was burnningham's boiler factory, which was burn-ed, together with a train of cars on the that in a few moments the whole building duced, had an investigation been ordered, salt factory and other buildings in the cotton in the press and sheds at the time, talesmen to fill out the jury, and that they neighborhood took fire but were saved. and are nearly a total loss. There is much comprised the whole ring almost. Deputy The loss here is estimated at \$100,000 to uncertainty as to the insurance; but it is Marshal Phillips refused to make any use

incendiaries The weather was very cold, press building and machinery. The in-the thermometer at 4 o'clock marking 6 desurance was mostly in foreign offices. the thermometer at 4 o'clock marking 6 degrees below zero. The firemen suffered severely, many of them having their fingers

NEW YORK.

Substantial Results of Schwab's Conviction.

Another Chance for Boss Tweed

Memphis Wrestling With Her

he came on an errand of mercy and ministrative reforms. The indications ward those who would soon have the bur- out license. The whole amount has been stitutions of the city.

> Tweed Tries it Again. A writ of habeas corpus, returnable Dec.

Memphis and Her Creditors. debt of that city, held a meeting here today to consider the ways and means of consolidating and improving the credit siderable extent. of the city. Mr. Apperson, of Memphis, presided, and a number of the Common on the 11th of January, for the purpose of considering the financial matters in ques-

The Times says the Central and Union Pacific Railroads have concluded a contract

18,000 majority.

FOREIGN

BERLIN, Dec. 15 .- In the Von Arnim trial to-day, additional arguments for the defense were made by Herron, Lockborn and Munkel. The former maintained that even if the documents which appeared in the Vienna papers were published by Von Ar-nim, he could not be legally held to account therefor; the papers were exclusively his private property, and had been drawn up for his own use; no rational motive could be imagined for these proceedings, as foreign officers possessed duplicates of all docu-ment; the accused could retain documents until the Foreign Office proves its claim to them in a civil action; there was no evisee that further publication was in-

Herr Munkel intimated that the judges were wanting in this case in their usual

Jan. 1, 1875, all officers elected in this acted in opposition to his instructions; he parish. They call upon other parishes, particularly in North Louisiana, to take similar action, pledging them their as-

FRANCE.

Paris, Dec. 15 .- The ambassador of French Government on the zeal shown by its officials on the Wallachian frontier, and says these letters were written at the very time when the Spanish Government charges that the prefect of Pau connived at the entrance of Don Carlos into Spain, and con-cludes with assurances that the covernment

LYNCH'S LAMP-POST.

Murderer Taken from Jail and Hanged by an Iowa Mob. Chicago, Dec. 15.—A special from Des-Moines, Iowa, says: 'This morning, about 2:30 o'clock, a body of 150 men, disguised, entered the jail, knocked down the jailer, bound him hand foot, took the keys to the cells from his pocket, overpowered the guards, and entered the cell where Charles Howard, a murderer, who was esterday, sentenced to imprisonment for life, was confined. His wife, who was sleeping with him, uttered horrible shrieks. and it was only with the force of half a dozen men that Howard was dragged from his bed. A rope was placed about his neck, and he was dragged through the halls

ing meetings. On Saturday, when the jury came in with their verdict, several

Not the Man Wanted. MEMPHIS, Dec. 15 .- The man captured at Helena, supposed to be White, the leader tween Wareham and Malden streets. The of the Corinth Bank robbers, was not the

The Knights of Pythias, of this city ly bright to awaken fears of another gen- and surrounding towns, had a grand jubilee

> Condensed Telegrams. The steamer Shillers, for Europe, took

entire department was called out. The The suppression of the religious order of flames followed by a strong wind, soon Sisters of Charity has been decreed by the

Vos Tansey was arrested at St. Louis yesterday, charged with garroting a man Chas. Fischer, a saloon keeper at Cahoika Village, six miles below St. Louis, blew the top of John Rounds' head off

Joseph Cocper, once a prominent Democratic politician of Cincinnati, died there rules a new stain of infamy on the Repub-

A Scorcher for King Cotton. Charleston, S. C., Dec. 15.—The dependence and desire for House cleaning reform, and all that sort of thing. There track of the Fitchburg Railroad. The large was in flames, about 13,000(?) bales of that Marshal Sharpe summoned fifty believed that the loss on the cotton will be of the list, whereupon Sharpe undertook They are all thought to be the work of \$20,000(?) fully covered, and \$5,000 on the the job himself. There is evidence also to

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 15 .- In the Senate a bill was introduced to provide taxation of the palace and sleeping cars and cars of the United States Rolling Company with pow-er to collect the tax by distraint with 20 per cent. penalty.
In the House a bill was introduced to

divide the counties into six tax-collecting districts, each district to pay and disburse

ENJOYING A BATTLE.

The first day of the bombardment of business man, with of character which business spiritual matters, said "that the case is seven more serious than has been stated in any of the publications made on the sub-there should not therefore be a diminution of the Secretary of the House, that the Creditors.

New York, Dec. 15.—The Excise Board Intuity of the House, there was to be a change in the majority of the House, there was to be a change in the majority of the House, there was to be a change in the majority of the House, there was to be a change in the majority of the House, there was to be a change in the majority of the House, there was to be a change in the majority of the House, there was to be a change in the majority of the House, there was to be a change in the majority of the House, there was to be a change in the majority of the House, the spiritual matters, said "that the Creditors."

New York, Dec. 15.—The Excise Board sions. It was not at all an n.frequent thing to hear a pretty Spanish or French girl saying "I wish they'd go on 17, has been granted in the case of Wm. M. | quicker; this is such slow work." Several Americans and English who were present were none the less blood-thirsty, forgetting The committee appointed by the Common Council of Memphis relative to the number of killed and wounded to a con-

> As my wife at the window one beautiful Council of New York were present. After day, stood watching a man with a monkey, a lengthy conference, it was resolved that the holders of bonds of the city of Mem-who was driving a stout little donkey. To phis, in Charleston, Baltimore, Philadel- my wife then I spoke, by way of a joke, phia, and elsewhere, be requested to call a "There's a relation of yours in that carmeeting and appoint one or two delegates each to meet a committee in Memphis donkey she spied, "Ah, yes! a relation by

school.

The Returning Board are investigating charges of fraud and doctering returns.

John Donelas and Col. Co. School.

San Francisco and Japan and China. Mayor Cobb was re-elected to-day by that therein is become fully and disgustingly apparent.

THE SAFE BURGLARY FARCE.

Beck Throws a Firebrand into the Demoralized Ranks of the Radicals.

Some Infamous Features of the Con spiracy Trial Coming to Light-Why it was Abandoned-The Trail Getting too Hot for Grant. Special to the Cincinnati Enquirer

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14 .- Mr. Beck made

a raid on the enemy to-day, by offering a

ation p. oviding for a Select Committee of five members to investigate the causes by the government in the celebrated safe a sensation, and for a time it looked as it the motion to suspend the rules for its pasment to any Radical, black or white, and to refuse to countenance any planter or merchant, who gives aid or comfort in any manner to the same. In Caddo it was also resolved, that the white people of Caddo parish declare that they intend to be bound alone by the verdict of the people expressed at the ballot box, Nov. 2, as announced by the Commissioners of election who counted the votes, and proclaim their fixed purpose to install into office, Jan. 1, 1875, all officers elected in this sage would not be even seconded. Butler, by instinct, fearing danger, took the lead burg affair was up, Butler made a fling at those who had voted to investigate the safe burglary conspiracy, when Mr. Beck re-plied with much Leat, stating that the ob-ject of those who refused to vote for his esolution was to cover up the well known complicity of high officials of the Government and the District in that infamous transaction; that the Government had ney General had dismissed Mr. Riddle, the special attorney appointed to prosecute the case, because he had developed facts which fastened guilt upon those men; and that it was necessary to cover up their guilt so as to prevent the exposure of the infamous acts of the Attorney-General that the resolution had been defeated. With such an accusation as this from a responsible member, it is difficult to see how the Republican party can dare to refuse an investigation. It is believed that it must come in the end, and there is the most direct authority for stat-

> country. Riddle was dismissed because he laid the evidence of Shepherd's complicity before the Attorney-General, and wanted to do his whole duty. Special to the Cincinnati Commercial. The refusal of the House to-day to pass Mr. Beck's resolution to have the administration of justice in the District investigated, shows clearly in what quarter the wind is set now. The Administration has regained its hold upon Congressmen who came here a few days ago fresh from the people and warm for reform. The average Congressman can no more resist the pa-tronizing nod of the little men in high and the court-house yard to a lamp post, places, than he can decline an invitation to dinner at Welcker's. The influences of and were divided into squads, each doing its allotted work, without a word spoken.
>
> After Howard had been fastened to the for months laboring to defeat the ends of juspost, the mob departed as silently as they | tice in the matter of the safe burglary concame. It is supposed the work was done by members of the vigilant committee of this county, who have been recently hold-blushing, an that the precedent thus established is a most dangerous one and a foul outrage upon the country, Republi can Congressmen have yielded to the spirit of loyalty to party, right or wrong, so far as to refuse to investigate the case. They

ing that when the whole truth comes to be

told it will put Shepherd, Grant and Wil-

liams in a most unenviable light before the

knew, too, that the investigation would b made by a Republican committee, and that if nothing wrong was discovered, no harm to anybody would be done, but they realized in their inmost souls that the course of justice had been criminally tampered with, and that by a Republican Administra-tion, and with short-sighted zeal they voted to conceal the crime, lest its revelation

might injure the party.

This is a sample of the reform within the party that the Republicans have for so many months so loudly promised the country. The resolution was defeated by a vote of 139 yeas to 87 nays, and of the nays not a half dozen were Democrats. Among those voting against the resolution were Messrs. Danford, Robinson and Dick Parsons, of Ohio; Orth, of Indiana; Ben Butler, and his humble imitator, the cadetship broker, Roderick Random Butler, of Ten nessee; Harrison and Maynard, of Tennessee; George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts; Hubbell, of Michigan, who, while a member of the District Investigation Committee last session, went on a junketing expedition with Grant and Shepherd to Cape May; Credit Mobilier Kelley; McKee, of wooden warham streets. They crossed Warham street, after devouring the large planing mill of Morton & Chelsley, and planing mill of Morton & Chelsley, and planing mill of Morton & Chelsley, and sired by the Texas Pacific and Atlantic and Tennessee; Lyman Tremain, who seldom Tennessee; Lyman Tremain, who seldom the House. opens his mouth in or out of the House, except to refer to the fact that he helped to convict Boss Tweed and others of that sort.

The issue was squarely made, and nobody acted in ignorance. The question was, shall the Administration be permitted without rebuke to use its influ power to shield criminals simply because they happen to be the personal friends of the President—and the Republicans of the House agreed to-day to prote a the Adminwith a shot, Sunday night, during a quar- istration in such abuse of its power. The second session of the Forty-third Congress

ruts a new stain of infamy on the Repub The Democracy are in high giee at their success in getting the enemies to the investigation of the frauds in the safe burglary trial on record. There was some dodging. and notably among some gentlemen who have been loudest in their professions of inin New Jersey of active efforts to run off the important witnesses for the prosecution Ex-Congressman Halsey, who was the Republican candidate for Governor of New Jersey, was quite active in that direction.

LEGAL SALES.

PUBLIC SALE RAILROADS.

Edgefield and Kentucky RAILROAD,

ALSO, THE McMinnville & Manchester RAILROAD.

ITS PROPERTY AND FRANCHISE.

ITS PROPERTY AND FRANCHISE. TERMS:

Payment will be required in the Bonds of the State of Tennessee, with coupons of January, 1871, and all subsequent coupons attached; or, Funded or Registered Bonds, with July, 1874, donkey she spied, "Ah, yes! a relation by marriage."

The only thoroughly blighted being is the man who has been deceived in a meerschaum. When he has expended his money in purchasing the costly comfort, when he has consumed tobacco enough to unsettle the nerves of a rhinoceros, and the stubborn pipe still refuses to color, demonstrating to him the fact that he has been sold, then does the hollowness of this world and all does the hollowness of this world and all does the hollowness of this world and all characters.

Funded or Registered Bonds, with July, 1874, and subsequent coupons attached; or, equivalent in money if coupons off.

Roads sold for default of late purchasers to psy, according to their contract, under set of first December, 1870.

Amount due by purchasers of Edgofield and Kentucky Road, in bonds, January, 1871, and subsequent coupons attached; or, equivalent in money if coupons off.

Roads sold for default of late purchasers to psy, according to their contract, under set of first December, 1870.

Amount due by purchasers of Edgofield and Kentucky Road, in bonds, January, 1871, and subsequent coupons attached; or, equivalent in money if coupons off.

Roads sold for default of late purchasers to psy, according to their contract, under set of first December, 1870.

Amount due by purchasers of Edgofield and Kentucky Road, in bonds, January, 1871, and subsequent coupons, \$279,752.bc.

Amount due by purchasers of McMinaville and Munchester Road, in bonds, January, 1871, and subsequent coupons, \$279,752.bc.

Amount due by purchasers of Edgofield and Kentucky Road, in bonds, January, 1871, and subsequent coupons, \$279,752.bc.

Amount due by purchasers of Edgofield and Kentucky Road, in bonds, January, 1871, and subsequent coupons, \$279,752.bc.

Amount due by purchasers of Edgofield and Kentucky Road, in bonds, January, 1871, and subsequent coupons, \$279,752.bc.

By order of the Board. Nov. 3, 1874.

CHAS. N. GIBBS, Secretary of State and Sec'y of Board. nov12 thurs&sun td WALL PAPERS, WINDOW SHADES, ETC.

JOHN W. HILL & CO., PROPRIETORS OF THE

NO ONE IN THE CITY OF SUBURA

MANUPACTURERS' SOUTHERN DEPOT CONTROL THE SALE IN THIS MARKET OF Wall Paper, Window Shades, Mirrors,

WOOD MOULDINGS, PICTURE FRAMES, Etc. PRODUCED BY SOME OF THE LEADING FACTORIES IN THIS COUNTRY, AND their large Ware-rooms are now nearly filled to their utmost capacity with a thorough ascertment of new goods in the line, selected especially for the wholesale and retail trade of this portion of the country. Our arrangements are now perfected for supplying the Southern trade with all goods in our line at reduced manufacturers' prices.

We have employed a corps of first-class workmen to hang paper, manufacture Window Shades, Winow Cornices and Picture Frames.

Our Presco Decorative Department is under the management of an accomplished and scientist: Decorator, who has been educated in a School of Design, and is thorough in every respect, and we offer his services to the country at the same price as less perfect workmen demand.

Call and secont new French, German and American Goods, and examine our recent Freco Designs. Orders solicited.

JOHN W. HILL & CO.,

sep20 codem 22 S. College St., between Church and Broad, Nashville, \*em

WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERS AND BAKERS. DUGGER & LINDSEY,

SUCCESSORS TO A. RANNIE, WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERS AND BAKES

Foreign Fruits, Nuts, Toys, and Fancy Groceries. No. 24 BROAD STREET, NASHVILLE, TENN.

STEAM AND HAND ELEVATORS.

## M'DONALD & BYRNE



ALL ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH DISPATCH.

WHOLESALE WHITE GOODS, NOTIONS, ETC.,

COWAN & CO.,

ARE AGAIN IN THE MARKET WITH THE LARGEST STOCK THEY HAVE EVER OFFERED TO THE TRADE, WHITE GOODS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES,

("THE OLD RELIABLE.")

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY. CALL AND EXAMINE No. 37 Public Square and 17 Cedar Street, Nashville.



DISEASES OF THE EYE AND EAR.

DR. A. BLITZ

Devotes his attention exclusively to the Medical and Surgical Treatment of the Diseases of the Eye and Ear Office, No. 21 North Summer St., between Union and Church Sts., NASHVILLE, TENN.

FIRE INSURANCE.

## EQUITABLE

No. 14 North Cherry St., NASHVILLE, TENN.

CAPITAL, \$1,000,000 TWENTY PER CENT PAID UP

W. W. BERRY, Pres't. WM. A. WERB, Sec'

JNO. PORTERFIELD, Vice-President. DIRECTORS.

THIS WELL-KNOWN COMPANY CON I times to haure property against loss or damage by fire. Its usefulness and willingness to meet its engagements have been shown by the payment of over

\$100,000 TO POLICY-HOLDERS since its organization.

Those who wish to patronize a home company organized upon a solid basis and conservatively managed, will find the Equitable, of Nashville worthy of their confidence.

my50 ly lsp.

To Printers and Publishers. PRESSES FOR SALE.

We have a couple of fine second-hand Presses for sale, which we have used from four to five years, which are good ones and in good running order. A Taylor Press, small cylinder, size nine column paper. measure of the Union and American. Capacity 2,000 impressions per hour. In complete order and but little worn. Is now fitted for steam,

but can be run by hand with slight A Drum Cylinder Potter Press, bed mirably adapted to necespaper, poster and general job work. Is being run now almost daily in this office.

In one or both of these Presses we will sell absolute.

ell absolute bargains. For further information if desired as to the Presses, and for terms, address UNION AND AMERICAN, Nashville, Tenn.

DR. CHAS. R. DORAN. (HOM(EOPATH,) 139 Broad Street, near High, NORTH NASHVILLE

UNION AND AMERICAN

BOLIVAR H. CCOKE & CO.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

CLOTHING.

Have just received an ELEGANT LINE

of MEN'S CASSIMERE SUITS for the HOLIDAYS, in all Shades of Colors, ranging in price from \$4.50 a Suit to \$25.00 per Suit. Have also in STOCK an IMMENSE number of BEAVER OVER-COATS, GLENGA-RYS, KING WILLIAMS, and Talmas, which will be sold to the TRADI size suited for a nine-column paper. Ad- at PRICES to suit the times. Orders

> In order to change investment, we offer to par ties with cash some of the Most Desirable Lots,

is property was selected with great cure, and is all eligibly located, immediately on or within a few steps of STREET RAILBOADS. For further particulars, apply at the Counting

OFFICE HOURS-8 to 10 A. M., 2 to 4 P. M., Will remove Jan. 1, 1875, to 72 High street, cor-